On the Plains of Orinoco: Joropo Music in Colombia
A Smithsonian Folkways Lesson
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Summary:
This lesson investigates life on the Colombian Orinoco Plains through the exploration of Joropo Music. Activities include Spanish attentive listening, cultural enrichment, and musical interaction through singing, playing, and moving.

Suggested Grade Levels: 6-8
Country: Colombia
Region: South America
Culture Group: Colombian
Genre: Joropo
Instruments: Maracas, Shakers
Language: Spanish
Co-Curricular Areas: Social Studies, Spanish
National Standards: 1, 2, 3, 6, 8, 9

Prerequisites: None

Objectives:
- Listening (to instruments, beat, vocalization)
- Singing (partial melodies)
- Playing (shaker rhythms)
- Moving (to instrumental interludes, beat)
- Writing (an original “fast song” verse)
- Becoming acquainted with the people of the Orinoco plains; their language, location, and culture
- Exploring the female role in Joropo music
- Comparing “fast song contests” to other forms of nonviolent musical competitions

Materials:
- “Llanero sí soy llanero” by Grupo Cimarrón, (SFW40515_101)
- Video: Instrument demonstration: Grupo Cimarrón perform "Y soy llanero" (And I Am a Plainsman)
Lesson Segments:

1. “Llanero, sí soy llanero” (Plainsman, yes I am a plainsman)
   a. Listen to the “Llanero, sí soy llanero” recording.
      i. Keep the pulse by patting the beat on your lap
      ii. Sing along with the singer’s long held out notes
      iii. “Air-play” the interlude passage of the cuatro guitar
      iv. Using shakers, imitate the maracas player during the interlude passage that does not have singing
v. Divide into two groups, switching from cuatro and shaker during the introduction and interlude

b. See map of South America.
   i. Find Colombia
c. See map of Colombia.
   i. Find Orinoco River and Plains
   ii. Consider origin of the Orinoco River in Venezuela: Similar lifestyles in southern Venezuela
d. Explore the origins of Joropo Music.
   i. Consider the reason for certain themes of joropo music such as: cattle, horses, music, and romance

Assessment: Are students able to keep the steady pulse? Are students able to sing along with the held notes? Are students able to imitate the maracas? Are students able to discuss the material in an age appropriate manner?

2. “Pajarillo” (Little Bird)
   a. Listen to the “Pajarillo” recording.
      i. Students draw their version of what’s happening in the song or what their little bird looks like based on the music
      ii. Use body movement to imitate the shaker interlude (may need to repeat this section of the song several times)
      iii. Imitate the shaker interlude with vocalization or percussive sounds of the body
   b. Discuss instrumentation of Joropo music.
      i. Cuatro Guitar
      ii. Maracas
      iii. Harp
      iv. Bandola Guitar
      v. String Bass
      vi. Consider importance of voice, guitar and maracas on the plains
   c. Watch video of performance on these instruments: Grupo Cimarrón perform "Y soy llanero" (And I Am a Plainsman)
      i. “Pajarillo” contains improvisatory playing by Cuatro guitar, maracas and string bass
      ii. Raise hands when you hear and can identify solos of each of the instruments

Assessment: Are students able to draw their interpretation of the music? Are students able to imitate the shakers? Can students identify which instruments are improvising? Are students able to discuss the material in an age appropriate manner?

3. “Soy llanero pelo liso” (I am a straight-haired plainsman)
   a. Listen to the “Soy llanero pelo liso” recording.
Complete Attentive listening activity: Fill in the blanks (see attached worksheet)

Consider a vocabulary lesson for other words used in the song

Consider meaning of this man’s life on the plains and its relationship to the song.

Assessment: Are students able to successfully complete the worksheet? Are students able to discuss the material in an age appropriate manner?

4. “María Laya”
   a. Listen to the “María Laya” recording.
      i. Keep the pulse by patting the beat on your lap
      ii. Hum along with the singer
      iii. Consider a vocabulary lesson for words used in the song (ex. Adjectives: bonita, rica y hermosa)
      iv. Consider the style of vocalization
      v. Sing along using words for the 3rd verse (try imitating the vocalization style while singing the 3rd verse)

   b. Consider that one of the most renowned joropo singers is a woman: Ana Veydó (see liner notes of album for Biographical information).
      i. Watch video: Ana Veydó discusses how women have changed the face of música llanera

Assessment: Are students able to keep the steady beat and hum along with the singer? Are students able to mimic the vocal style? Are students able to discuss the material in an age appropriate manner?

5. “Vine a defender lo mío”
   a. Pass out shakers. Listen to the “Vine a defender lo mío” recording.
      i. Before playing the recording ask students to listen especially for the tempo of this song: is it fast or slow?
      ii. Use shakers to shake along with the subdivision of the beat
      iii. Is the singer’s delivery of the text slow or quick?
      iv. What allows the singer to deliver the text so quickly? (Think about vocal placement: is the focus more nasal and forward or dark and back?)
   b. Discuss the cultural background surrounding this style of performing.
i. See liner notes regarding the concurso de voz recia or the “fast song contest”

ii. Show a picture and give biographical information on Luis Moreno, the singer in this recording (also found in the liner notes)

c. Share the general translation of the text.
   i. *From my pretty plain,/I’m the favorite singer./In the “fast song,”/I’m the one of the chosen few./And he who’d say otherwise,/let him come, and I will challenge him.*
   
   ii. Ask students if there are other cultural practices that use nonviolent verbal/musical expression as a form of competition (rap battles, krumping, poetry slam, etc.)
      1. If possible, find relevant and appropriate videos of these other forms of nonviolent musical expression to share with the class via the internet

   d. Have students identify one quality within themselves they are proud of or gives them a sense of accomplishment.
      i. Have each student write one verse (8 lines) expressing his or her talent
      ii. The students may then choose to put an accompanying melody to their verse or choose to speak it rhythmically
         1. Should students choose to compose a melody for their verse, encourage them to keep the melody within the range of a fifth for both time purposes and ease of performance
      iii. The ultimate goal is to recite the verse as quickly as possible while still maintaining the clarity of delivery
         1. Warm-up/vocalize (vocal sirens may be helpful)
         2. Focus on utilizing the resonance of the nasal cavity
      iv. Pair up and recite verses to peers as practice
   
   e. Those who wish may compete in the “fast song contest”.
      i. Designate a timer
      ii. Individuals perform and are timed
      iii. The fastest, clearest performer is deemed the winner

Assessment: Are students able to identify the tempo of the song as fast? Are students able to discuss the material in an age appropriate manner? Are students able to successfully write their own verse of a “fast song” and perform it?
“Soy llanero pelo liso” (I am a straight-haired plainsman) Lyrics

Yo soy el propio llanero
Piel quemada, pelo liso
Parrandero enamorado
Soltero sin compromiso
Guerrero como mi __________
De pié descalzo en el piso
Nací en la pura sabana
Entre mulato y mestizo
A nadie le pido nada
Porque solo me organizo
Camino por todo el __________
Sin cédula y sin permiso
En todos los festivales
Juego mi pollo cenizo
Cuando estoy contrapunteando
Les gano porque improviso
Muchos me tienen envidia
Dicen que no vocalizo
Pero todas mis __________
La bailan hasta los suizos
Yo me resbalo en lo seco
Para pararme en lo liso
Tengo más uñas que un tigre
Más espinas que un erizo
Yo soy el número __________
Sin dármelas de sarizo
En una manga´e coleo
Los toros los escuartizo
Ser un llanero veguero
Es lo que más valorizo
Cuésteme lo que me cueste
Pero no me modernizo!

Ser llanero cuesta caro
Yo soy y no escandalizo
Vivir en el puro llano
Es como en un paraíso
Donde el __________ y la mujer
En el __________ son precisos
Donde el que mata un marrano
Reparte hasta los chorizos
Cuando el sol viene saliendo
Se pone el llano rojizo
Venao y berraco cerrero

Se esconden en el carrizo
Confien todos en mi pollo
Que no los desmoralizo
Yo creo en Dios y la Virgen
En la Iglesia y el bautizo
Pero lo que no me gusta
En seguida lo reviso
Porque yo soy mas tirrioso
Que los burros yegüerizos
Si nací para cantante
Pues el destino lo quiso
Pa´ toriar un toro bravo
Ni el sombrero lo utilizo
Canto más que una guacaba
Parada sobre un chamizo
A mi nadie me embolata
___________más sabroso que un guiso
___________como la cascabel
Que al que muerdo martirizo
Lo que amarro con mi soga
Le echo nudo corredizo
Los tigres los palmoteo
Y las culebras las piso
Cuando tengo que __________
Me fijo donde aterrizo
Tengo amigos como arroz
___________como granizo
Yo soy el propio llanero
Piel quemada pelo liso
Que si el diablo me saliera
Lo mato y no les aviso!
“Soy llanero pelo liso”
(I am a straight-haired plainsman)

Answer Key: (in order of the song)
1. padre
2. mundo
3. canciones
4. uno
5. hombre
6. amor
7. Soy
8. Soy
9. parar
10. Mujeres